WORKSHOP ON IMMIGRANT LANGUAGES IN THE AMERICAS

Forms of address and the Portuguese presence in Santos, Brazil

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Main goals

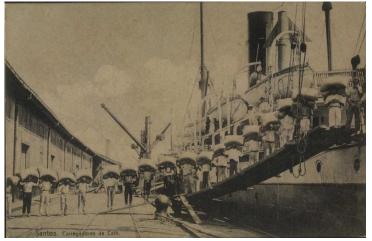
- Study the linguistic contact between Portuguese immigrants and the Brazilians in the state of São Paulo in the end of the 19th century (the beginning of the 20th century);
- Check the linguistic variation between the personal pronouns "tu" and "você" in the city of Santos/SP (Modesto, 2004);
- Samples: 67 letters from Portuguese during WW1 (Forgotten Letters Project) and 130 letters from Portuguese immigrants (Immigration Museum of São Paulo).

The city of Santos





Coffee workers by the shore Source: Biblioteca Nacional, 1909



Language, power and solidarity

- Brown and Gilman's (1960) study on solidarity and power shows that:
 - The use of pronouns such as "tu" is observed in situations in which two speakers are in symmetrical power relationships. The use of pronouns such as "você" would be observed in asymmetrical ones;

Pronoun	French	Spanish	German	Portuguese
Familiarity	Tu	Tu	Du	Tu
Formality	Vous	Usted	Sie	Você/Vós

Some results

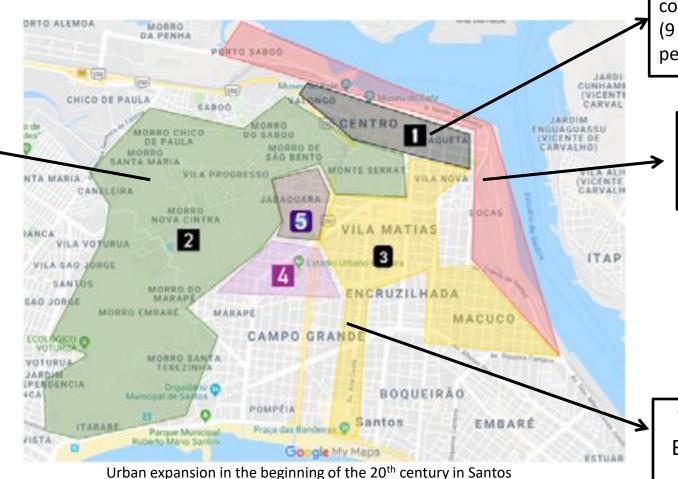
A comparison between the *quantity of letters* for the Portuguese immigrants in the state of São Paulo and the Portuguese in Europe, for symmetric relationships between sender and receiver (circa 1900)

Authors	Portuguese immigrants (older)			Portuguese in Europe (younger)				
Hierarchy	Symmetric relationships							
Context	Friendship	Love	Family	Friendship	Love	Family		
"Tu"	1 (9%)	2 (67%)	3 (50%)	13 (65%)	16 (94%)	13 (87%)		
Sir – Madam	7 (53%)	-	1 (17%)	1 (5%)	-	4 (22%)		
Noun Phrase	5 (38%)	1 (33%)	2 (33%)	6 (30%)	1 (6%)	1 (1%)		
"Você"	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL	13	3	6	20	17	18		

Demography and Mobility

(Britain, 2013)

Immigrants
moving to
the hills.
Connection
to the city
by
streetcars



Source: Adapted from Novo Milênio (2019)

Working class communities (9 inhabitants per house)

Port of Santos

Wealthy
Brazilians
moving
down south

Social practices in a community (Ravindranath, 2015)

- In the beginning of the 20th century, Santos had the first Labor Union of the country. Many social movements arouse and strikes were made against the main company of Santos: the "Docas" company;
- As Santos was a port city, most part of the immigrants worked in its harbor. In addition to it, as pointed out by Maram (1979), almost all Labor Unions were directed by Portuguese immigrants;
- The third wave of sociolinguistics shows communities as having an important role in the spreading of linguistic forms (ECKERT and WENGER, 2005). It seems to us that the Portuguese immigrants had this position of power inside the community.

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